This publication is available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office (GPO). Ordering information and purchase of this and other Energy Information Administration (EIA) publications may be obtained from the GPO or the EIA's National Energy Information Center (NEIC). Questions on energy statistics should be directed to the NEIC. Addresses and telephone numbers appear below.

National Energy Information Center, EI-20 Energy Information Administration Forrestal Building Room 1F-048 Washington, D C 20585 (202) 252-8800

Superintendent of Documents U.S. Government Printing Office Washington, D C 20402 (202) 783-3238

This report was prepared by the Energy Information Administration, the independent statistical and analytical agency within the Department of Energy. The information contained herein should not be construed as advocating or necessarily reflecting any policy position of the Department of Energy or any other organization.

Released for printing August 1, 1986

Energy Information Administration Forrestal Building Washington, DC 20585

OFFICIAL BUSINESS
PENALTY FOR PRIVATE USE, \$300

FIRST—CLASS MAIL POSTAGE & FEES PAID U.S. DEPT. OF ENERGY PERMIT NO. G 20

FIRST CLASS MAIL

DOE/EIA-0218 (86/30) Distribution Category UC-98

Weekly Coal Production

Energy Information Administration Washington, D C





Highlights

U.S. coal production in the week ended July 26, 1986, as estimated by the Energy Information Administration, totaled 17.00 million short tons (bituminous coal and lignite, 16.93 million short tons; Pennsylvania anthracite, .07 million short tons). This was 9.6 percent higher than in the previous week and was 4.6 percent lower than production in the corresponding week of 1985.

Cumulative U.S. coal production from January 1 through July 26, 1986, was estimated at 501.42 million short tons, 0.1 percent below the 501.74 million short tons produced in the comparable period in 1985.

The methodology used to make weekly estimates of coal production was last published in the Weekly Coal Production (DOE/EIA-0218(84/40)), released for publication on October 15, 1984.

Figure 1. Coal Production

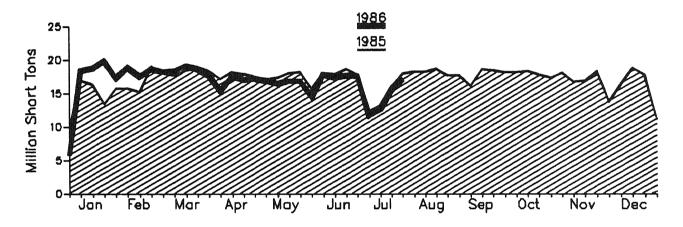


Table 1 Coal Production

	Ended			Year to Date Ended		
	07/26/86	07/19/86	07/27/85	07/26/86	07/27/85	Percent Change
Production (Thousand Short Tons)				**************************************		
Bituminous ¹ and Lignite Pennsylvania Anthracite U.S. Total Railroad Cars Loaded	16,926 74 17,000 112,163	15,437 68 15,504 102,096	17,736 76 17,813 119,918	499,536 1,885 501,421 3,236,460	499,553 2,188 501,742 3,267,498	(*) -13.8 1

¹Includes subbituminous coal.

^(*) Value is less than 0.1 percent.

Note: 1985 and 1986 data are preliminary. Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Sources: Association of American Railroads, Transportation Division, Weekly Statement CS-54A; Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report" and State mining agency coal production reports.

Table 2. Coal Production by State (Thousand Short Tons)

Region and State	Week Ended				
	07/26/86	07/19/86	07/27/85		
Bituminous Coal ¹ and Lignite					
East of the Mississippi	11,342	10,097	11,195		
Alabama	510	448	505		
Illinois	1,100	1,034	1,046		
Indiana	738	577	605		
Kentucky	3,242	2,983	3,450		
Kentucky, Eastern	2,579	2,374	2,662		
Kentucky, Western	663	610	788		
Maryland	56	51	68		
Ohio	742	689	689		
Pennsylvania Bituminous	1,378	1,273	1,139		
Tennessee	141	116	150		
Virginia	836	722	917		
West Virginia	2,598	2,203	2,627		
West of the Mississippi	5,583	5,340	6,542		
Alaska	22	20	22		
Arizona	198	181	201		
Arkansas	(*)	(*)	1		
Colorado	298	262	331		
Iowa	9	9	11		
Kansas	14	13	15		
Louisiana	52	49			
Missouri	99	89	94		
Montana	570	568	723		
New Mexico	88	131	221		
North Dakota	471	456	530		
Oklahoma	86	88	75		
Texas	899	820	1,042		
Utah	228	200	269		
Washington	93	85	87		
Wyoming	2,456	2,369	2,920		
Bituminous and Lignite Total	16,926	15,437	17,736		
Pennsylvania Anthracite	74	68	70		
U.S. Total	17,000	15,504	17,813		

¹Includes subbituminous coal. (*)Value is less than 500 short tons.

Note: 1985 and 1986 data are preliminary. Total may not equal sum of compon

rounding.

Sources: Association of American Railroads, Transportation Division, mation Administration, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report" and